



SHRI GURU RAM RAI UNIVERSITY

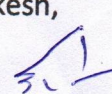
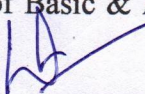
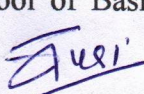
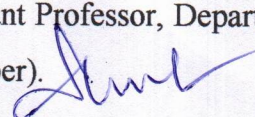
PATEL NAGAR, DEHRADUN-248001

[Estd. by Govt. of Uttarakhand, vide Shri Guru Ram Rai University Act no. 03 of 2017 & recognized by UGC u/s (2f) of UGC Act 1956]

MINUTES OF MEETING

THIRD BOARD OF STUDIES MEETING IN CHEMISTRY AS PER NEP 2020

A meeting of all the members of the Board of Studies in Botany was held on 6th Jan 2022 from 11:00 am onwards at School of Basic & Applied Sciences, Shri Guru Ram Rai University, Patelnagar, Dehradun. The following members were present:

1. Prof. (Dr.) S.P Sati, HOD-chemistry, Shri Dev Suman University campus, Rishikesh, Dehradun (External Expert). 
2. Prof. (Dr.) Dwarika Prasad, HOD-chemistry, School of Basic & Applied Sciences, Shri Guru Ram Rai University, Dehradun (Chairperson). 
3. Dr. Sheetal Tyagi, Assistant Professor, Department of Chemistry, School of Basic & Applied Sciences, Shri Guru Ram Rai University, Dehradun (Member) 
4. Mrs. Shreya Kotnala, Assistant Professor, Department of Chemistry, Shri Guru Ram Rai University, Dehradun (Member). 

PROCEEDINGS AND RESOLUTIONS:

The members of the BOS discussed the agenda item wise and resolutions were made accordingly

Agenda No. 1: To confirm the minutes of Second Board of Studies in Chemistry held on 3rd July 2021.

Resolution: The board confirmed and approved the last Board of Studies meeting held on 3rd July 2021.

Agenda No. 2: Implementation of NEP-2020 from the Academic Session 2022-23 & Inclusion and finalization of Program outcomes (POs), Program specific outcomes (PSOs), Course outcomes (COs) of B.Sc. (Chemistry as per NEP 2020)

Resolution: It was recommended by the members of the board that from the academic session 2022-23 implementing NEP in the UG course and course outcomes should be included in the curriculum. The Program outcomes (POs), Program specific outcomes (PSOs), Course outcomes (COs) for B.Sc. Chemistry were discussed in detail with the honorable members and all the members resolved to approve the same from the honorable external expert.

Agenda No. 3: To consider distribution of courses for all semesters in B.Sc. (Chemistry as per NEP guidelines) as per NEP for the Academic Session 2022-23

Resolution: The distribution of courses for all semesters in the UG program as per NEP 2020 was discussed in detail with the honorable members and it was resolved to approve and implement for the academic session 2022-23 with the recommendation to revise the course contents in future.

Agenda No. 4: Allotment and description of course code and credits to different courses in the UG programme for all semesters.

Resolution:

The course codes in the UG programme were allotted as per **Uttarakhand State Govt. Guidelines** and University norms and all the members resolved to approve the same. The credit system in the UG were approved as per UGC norms/NEP guidelines. The theory lectures were of 4 credits each. Each lab course was of 2 credits for UG course programme in 1st to 3rd year.

Agenda No. 5: Medium of instruction, question paper pattern, medium of examination, and duration of examination, allotment of marks in internal and external exams.

Resolution:

- ❖ The members were of the view and recommended that the medium of instruction would be English medium/Hindi medium for UG Course program as per SGRR University norms.
- ❖ It was resolved by all the members that the duration of the End term examination would be as per the guidelines issued by the Board of Examination SGRR University from time to time including the duration of Lab Course examinations.
- ❖ Each paper would be of 100 marks. The distribution of mid-term and end term examination marks will be as per guidelines issued by the Board of Examination SGRR University from time to time.

Agenda No. 6: Evaluation pattern and distribution of marks

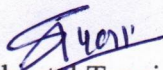
Resolutions: All the members of BOS were of the view that the evaluation pattern and distribution of marks should be at par with other subjects and should follow university norms to bring uniformity.

The meeting ended with the vote of thanks.



Prof. (Dr.) S. P. sati

(External Expert)



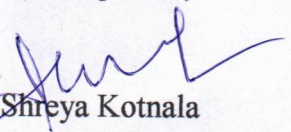
Dr. Sheetal Tyagi

(Member)



Prof. (Dr.) Dwarika Prasad

(Chairperson)



Mrs. Shreya Kotnala

(Member)



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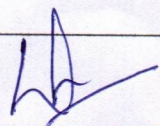
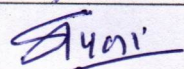
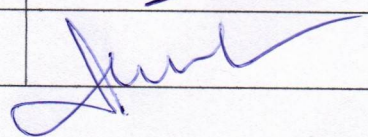
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Date: 6-1-2023

ATTENDANCE SHEET

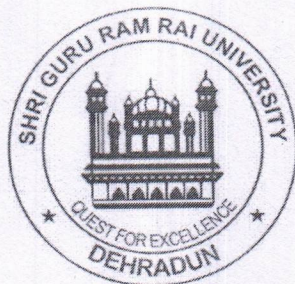
THIRD BOARD OF STUDIES (BOS) MEETING IN CHEMISTRY AS PER NEP 2020

The following members were present:

S.N	Members	Signature
1	Prof. (Dr.) S.P Sati, (External Expert) Pt.L.M.S. Campus Rishikesh Dehradun Prof and Head, SDS University	
2	Prof. (Dr.) Dwarika Prasad, (Chairperson)	
3	Dr. Sheetal Tyagi, (Member)	
4	Mrs. Shreya Kotnala, (Member)	

SHRI GURU RAM RAI UNIVERSITY

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SYLLABUS

Bachelor of Science (Chemistry)

School of Basic & Applied Sciences

(W.E.F 2022-2023)

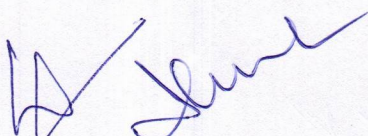
Bachelor of Science as per
NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY SYLLABUS

OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION

Semester-wise Titles of the Papers in B.Sc.(chemistry)						
Year	Semester	Course Code	Papertitle	Theory/ Practical	Credits	Hours
Certificate Course in Basic Science						
First Year	I	CHEMC101	Fundamentals of Chemistry-I	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC102	Chemical Analysis-I	Practical	2	2
	II	CHEMC201	Fundamentals of Chemistry-II	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC202	Chemical Analysis-II	Practical	2	4
Diploma Course in Basic Science						
Second Year	III	CHEMC301	General Chemistry-I	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC302	Analytical Procedures-I	Practical	2	4
	IV	CHEMC401	General Chemistry-II	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC402	Analytical Procedures-II	Practical	2	2
Degree in Bachelor of Science						
Third Year	V	CHEMC501	Inorganic Chemistry	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC502	Analytical Procedures -III	Practical	2	4
		CHEMC503	Organic Chemistry	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC504	Research Project	Project	Qualifying	4
	VI	CHEMC601	Physical Chemistry	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC602	Analytical Procedures -IV	Practical	2	4
		CHEMC603	Analytical Chemistry	Theory	4	4
		CHEMC604	Research Project	Project	Qualifying	4

Year	Semester	Course Code	Papertitle	Theory/ Practical	Credits	Hours
MINOR/OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES						
First Year	I/II	CHEOE001	Basics of chemistry-I	Theory	4	4
Second Year	III/IV	CHEOE002	Basics of chemistry-II	Theory	4	4

Year	Semester	Course Code	Papertitle	Theory/ Practical	Credits	Hours
Skill Development Course						
First Year	I	CHEVC101	Basic Analytical chemistry-I	Theory	3	3
First Year	II	CHEVC201	Basics of Analytical Chemistry-II	Theory	3	3
Second Year	III	CHEVC301	Chemistry of Soil and Water	Theory	3	3

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Second Year	IV	CHEVC401	Industrial Training		3	3
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Year	Semester	Course Code	Papertitle	Theory/ Practical	Credits	Hours
COMPULSORY/CO-CURRICULAR COURSES						
First Year	I	COCCR103	Communication Skills	Theory	0	4
	II	COCCR203	Environment Studies and Value Education	Theory	0	4
Second Year	III	COCCR305	Management Paradigms From Bhagvad Gita	Theory	0	4
	IV	COCCR405	Meditation	Theory	0	4
Third Year	V	COCCR506	Vedic Science	Theory	0	4
	VI	COCCR606	Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	Theory	0	4

Programme outcome (POs)

Students will be able to

PO 1	Bachelor of Science offers theoretical as well as practical knowledge about different subject areas.
PO2	Graduates will develop scientific temperament to solve scientific problems in emerging areas of science at National and International level.
PO3	Graduates will acquire coherent understanding of the academic field to pursue multi and interdisciplinary science careers in future.
PO4	Graduate will have clarity of thought and expression. Qualities like logical thinking and decision making will be enhanced
PO5	Graduates plan and execute experiments or investigations, analyze and interpret data information collected using appropriate methods
PO6	Graduates will be able to compete in various national and international competitive examinations.
PO7	Graduates will understand the principles of basic and applied sciences and apply them logically in environmental and socio-technological context with a systematic approach towards sustainable development.
PO8	Graduates will have critical thinking, follow innovations and developments in Science and technology
PO9	Graduates will acquire effective communication skills
PO10	Graduates will understand ethical principles and responsibilities for effective citizenship.
PO11	Graduates will develop new and enhancing conversational skills that lead to not only to good communication but also to the excellent drafting abilities linked with technical reports and presentations.
PO12	Graduates will competent enough for doing jobs in Govt. and private sectors of academia, research and industry.

Program Specific Outcome (PSOs)

PSO 1	Chemistry graduates will become familiar with the fundamental concepts in organic, inorganic, physical and analytical chemistry.
PSO2	Chemistry graduates will develop analytical skills and acquire the ability to synthesize, separate and characterize compounds using laboratory techniques.
PSO3	Chemistry graduates will be able to understand the qualitative and quantitative chemical analysis of the compounds in the laboratory.
PSO4	Skill enhancement courses like chemistry of cosmetics & perfumes, pesticide and polymer chemistry will equip students with the knowledge and skills which will help them to make a successful career in the respective industries.

Eligibility for admission:

Any candidate who has passed the Plus Two of the Higher Secondary Board of Examinations in any state recognized as equivalent to the Plus Two of the Higher Secondary Board in PCM/PCB with not less than 45 %-marks in aggregate is eligible for admission, However, SC/ST, OBC and other eligible communities shall be given relaxation as per University rules.

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Examination Scheme:

Components	Internal	External (ESE)
Weightage (%)	25	75

Semester-I Paper-I (Theory)

Course Title: Fundamentals of Chemistry-I

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: First	
Paper-I Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC101	Course Title: Fundamentals of Chemistry-I		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of the basics of atomic structure, periodic properties, chemical bonding, fundamentals of organic chemistry and states of matter.
CO2	Understand fundamentals of atomic structure, periodic properties, chemical bonding, mechanism of organic reactions, stereochemistry and states of matter.
CO3	Develop concept of atomic structure, periodic properties, chemical bonding and, reaction mechanism and stereochemistry.
CO4	Explain structure of different inorganic, organic molecules/ions, mechanism of organic reactions and solid-state chemistry.
CO5	Predict structure of organic/inorganic molecules on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization & determine configurations of organic compounds.
CO6	Solve problems related to chemical bonding, atomic structure and states of matter.

3-10

3-10

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Content	Number of Hours
1	<p>Atomic Structure and Periodic Properties: Dual nature of matter; de Broglie concept. Heisenberg uncertainty principle; its significance. Atomic orbitals, Schrödinger wave equation (no derivation); significance of ψ and ψ^2. Quantum numbers, radial and angular wave functions and probability distribution curves, shapes of s, p and d orbitals. Aufbau energy diagram, Pauli's exclusion principle. Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity. Electronic configuration of elements (s block, p block and first series of d-block elements). Effective nuclear charge, Slater's rule.</p> <p>The general idea of Modern periodic table, atomic and ionic radii, ionization potential, electron affinity, electronegativity-definition, trends of variation in periodic table and their application in prediction and explaining the chemical behaviour of elements and compounds thereof.</p>	12
2	<p>Chemical Bonding-I: Ionic bond, covalent bond-Valence Bond Theory and its limitations; various types of hybridization and shapes of different inorganic and organic molecules. Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion Theory (VSEPR) and shapes of NH_3, H_2O, H_3O^+, SF_4, ClF_3, ICl_2^-, TeF_5^-, NH_4^+ and other simple molecules/ions (CO_2, SO_2, SO_3, Cl_2O_7, SO_4^{2-}, CO_3^{2-}, NO_3^-, PO_4^{3-}) including compounds of xenon.</p>	8
3	<p>General Organic Chemistry and Mechanism of Organic Reactions: Resonance, hyperconjugation, field effects- inductive, mesomeric, electromeric effect. Types of reagents- electrophiles and nucleophiles. Types of organic reactions. Energy considerations. Reactive intermediates- carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes (with examples).</p>	8
4	<p>Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Types of isomerism- optical isomerism- elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic centers, optical activity, properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centre, diastereomers, threo and erythro diastereomers, meso compounds, inversion, retention and racemization. Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, D & L and R & S systems of nomenclature. Geometrical isomerism: determination of configuration of geometrical isomers, E & Z system of nomenclature.</p>	12

3-12

Sumit

5	<p>States of Matter-I: Gaseous State-Postulates of kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behavior, van der Waal's equation of states, Critical phenomena – PV isotherms of real gases, relationship between critical constants and van der Waals constants. Molecular velocities: Root mean square, average and most probable velocities, qualitative discussion of the Maxwell's distribution of molecular velocities, Numerical problems.</p> <p>Liquid State-Intermolecular forces, Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Physical properties of liquids including their methods of determination: surface tension, viscosity, Numerical problems.</p>	12
6	<p>States of Matter-II:</p> <p>Solid State: Introduction to crystalline materials, Definition of space lattice, unit cell, crystal planes, Miller indices, Laws of crystallography – (i) law of constancy of interfacial angles (ii) law of rationality of indices (iii) law of symmetry. Symmetry elements in crystals, X-ray diffraction by crystals. Bragg's equation, Numerical problems.</p> <p>Colloidal State: Definition of colloids, classification of colloids. Solids in liquids (sols): properties – kinetic, optical and electrical; stability of colloids, protective action, Hardy-Schulze law, gold number.</p>	8

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. First Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- iv. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.

Semester-I, Paper-II (Practical)
Course Title: Chemical Analysis -I

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: First	
Paper-2 Practical Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC102		Course Title: Chemical Analysis-I	
L	T	P	C
0	0	2	2

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the concepts of qualitative analysis of cation and anions in inorganic mixtures.
CO2	Understand lab hazards and safety precautions.
CO3	Determine of absolute configuration of organic molecules using ball and stick models.
CO4	Illustrate the structure of simple organic compounds showing their stereochemistry using Fischer Projection.
CO5	Evaluate surface tension of liquids using stalagmometer.
CO6	Solve problems related to configuration and surface tension.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Salt mixture analysis: Identification of acid radicals (three to four) including anions in combination and basic radicals upto II Group in the given salt mixture.	18
3	Organic exercise: Determination of absolute configuration of organic molecules using ball and stick models. Students are supposed sketch the structure of simple organic compounds showing their stereochemistry using Fischer Projection.	18
4	Physical exercise: Determination of relative surface tension of the given liquid using Stalagmometer.	18

Suggested Readings:

- i. Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
- ii. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis. 6th Ed., Freeman (2007) Chapters 3-5.
- iii. Harris, D. C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- iv. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.



Semester-II
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: Fundamentals of Chemistry-II

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: Second	
Paper-I Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC201		Course Title: Fundamentals of Chemistry-II	
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of the basics of chemical bonding, properties of s and p block element, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics, catalysis and thermodynamics.
CO2	Understand fundamentals of chemical bonding, properties of s and p block element, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics, catalysis and thermodynamics.
CO3	Develop concept of chemical bonding, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics and thermodynamics.
CO4	Explain MOT, properties of s and p block elements, preparation and properties of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons.
CO5	Derive integrated rate equations and half-lives for first, second and zero order reactions and also evaluate heat capacities at constant volume, pressure and Kirchhoff's equation.
CO6	Solve problems related to chemical kinetics, catalysis and thermodynamics.

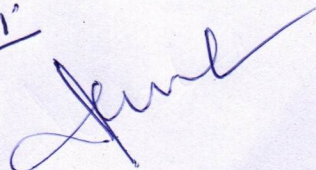
Total Number of Hours = 60		
Units	Content	Number of Hours
1	Chemical Bonding-II: Molecular Orbital Theory (MOT) as applied to diatomic homonuclear/heteronuclear inorganic molecules. MO diagrams and bond order of H ₂ , He ₂ , Li ₂ , Be ₂ , B ₂ , C ₂ , N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ , Ne ₂ , CO, NO, HF difference between VB and MO theories. Polarization of covalent molecules, Percentage ionic character from dipole and electronegativity difference. Polarizing power and polarizability; Fajan's rule. Weak interactions-hydrogen bonding in inorganic and organic molecules and van der Waals interactions.	10

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2	<p>Salient Features of s- and p-Block Elements: General discussion with respect to all periodic (Occurrence, electronic configuration, atomic & ionic radii, density, ionization potential, metallic behaviour, electropositive nature, electronegativity, electron affinity, hydration energy, flame colouration, photoelectric effect, polarization power, boiling and melting point) and chemical properties (reactivity towards water, oxygen, air and moisture, hydrogen, halogens, ammonia). Diagonal relationship, catenation, inert pair effect, $p\pi-p\pi$, $d\pi-p\pi$ bond. Silicates, Boron nitrogen compounds (borazene and boron nitrides), interhalogen compounds.</p>	10
3	<p>Aliphatic Compounds: Chemical reactions of alkanes. Mechanism of free radical halogenation of alkanes. Cycloalkanes-Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations.</p> <p>Chemical reactions of alkenes- mechanisms involved in hydrogenation, electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's Rule, hydroboration-oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction. Epoxidation, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with $KMnO_4$, Polymerization of alkenes. Substitution at the allylic and vinylic positions of alkenes.</p> <p>Chemical reactions of alkynes, acidity of alkynes. Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions, hydroboration-oxidation, metal- ammonia reduction, oxidation and polymerization.</p>	10
4	<p>Aromatic Compounds: Aromaticity- the Hückel rule, aromatic ions. Aromatic electrophilic substitution- general pattern of the mechanism, role of σ and π complexes. Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation, mercuration and Friedel- Crafts reaction. Energy profile diagrams. Activating and deactivating substituents, orientation and ortho/para ratio.</p>	10
5	<p>Chemical Kinetics and Catalysis: Chemical kinetics and its scope, rate of a reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction- concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst; hetero and homocatalysis, significance. Inhibitors, poisons and promoters. Concentration dependence of rates of simple reaction, Molecularity, Order of reaction- zero order, first order, second order, pseudo-order, Radioactive decay a first order phenomenon, half-life period, Methods of determination of the order of reaction- differential method, method of integration, method of half-life period and isolation methods, Numerical problems.</p>	10

30


June


6	Thermodynamics I: Definition of thermodynamic terms, system, surroundings etc. Types of thermodynamic systems and thermodynamic processes. Intensive and extensive properties. Concept of heat and work, first law of thermodynamics, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity – heat capacities at constant volume and at constant pressure and their relationship, calculation of w , q , dU & dH for the expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and reversible conditions. Thermochemistry; standard state, Standard enthalpy of formation – Hess's law of heat summation and its application. Temperature dependence of enthalpy, Kirchoff's equation, Numerical problems.	10
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Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. First Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- iv. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.

**Semester-II, Paper-II (Practical)
Course Title: Chemical Analysis -II**

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: Second	
Paper-2 Practical Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC202		Course Title: Chemical Analysis -II	
L	T	P	C
0	0	2	2

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the concepts of qualitative analysis of cation and anions in inorganic mixtures.
CO2	Understand lab hazards and safety precautions.
CO3	Determine the strength of given solution by acid-base titration method.
CO4	Differentiate between alkanes, alkenes and alkynes.
CO5	Distinguish between aliphatic and aromatic compounds using chemical and physical tests.
CO6	Calculate relative viscosity of the given liquid using Ostwald viscometer.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Inorganic exercise: Acid-base titrations; preparation of a solution in normal/molar terms, its standardization using a primary standard solution, determination of the strength of unknown solution. For example: preparation of NaOH solution (secondary standard say N/10), preparation of (COOH) ₂ solution (primary standard say N/10), standardization of NaOH solution titrating it against (COOH) ₂ solution using phenolphthalein (indicator) and then determination of the strength of given HCl solution.	18
3	Organic exercise: Differentiation between alkanes, alkenes and alkynes. Differentiation between aliphatic and aromatic compounds using chemical and physical tests.	18
4	Physical exercise: Determination of relative viscosity of the given liquid using Ostwald viscometer.	18

Suggested Readings:

- i. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- ii. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- iii. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- iv. Harris, D. C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.

Semester-III
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: General Chemistry-I

Programme/Class: Diploma in Chemical Science	Year: Second	Semester: Third	
Paper-I Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC301	Course Title: General Chemistry-I		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of transition elements, coordination chemistry, halides, alcohols, phenols, thermodynamics, chemical and phase equilibria.
CO2	Understand concepts of transition elements, coordination chemistry, halides, alcohols, phenols, thermodynamics, chemical and phase equilibria.
CO3	Explain transition elements, coordination chemistry, halides, alcohols, phenols, thermodynamics,

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	chemical and phase equilibria.
CO4	Illustrate theories of coordination chemistry, properties of transition elements, mechanism of nucleophilic substitution and name reactions.
CO5	Predict geometry and magnetic nature of coordination compounds, mechanism of organic reactions and feasibility of reactions.
CO6	Solve numerical problems related to thermodynamics, chemical and phase equilibria.

Total No. of Hours- = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	<p>Chemistry of Transition Elements (First, second and third Transition Series): Characteristic properties of the elements; electronic configuration, atomic & ionic radii, oxidation states and stability of uncommon oxidation states, ionization energy, boiling & melting points, complex compound formation, colour, catalytic properties and magnetic properties. coordination number and geometry.</p> <p>Comparative treatment of 3d, 4d and 5d elements and their analogues in respect of occurrence, atomic & ionic radii, oxidation state, ionization energy, complex formation tendency, magnetic behaviour, geometry and colour.</p>	10
2	<p>Coordination Chemistry-I: Definition, terminology (ligand, coordination number, coordination sphere, complex ion etc.), Nomenclature of coordination compounds (IUPAC system), Werner's theory for coordination compounds; its experimental verification, effective atomic number (EAN) concept, 18-electron rule, stability of complexes and factors contributing to the stability. Chelates- Introduction, factors affecting the stability of chelates, thermodynamic origin of stability, applications. Valence Bond Theory (VBT) for coordination compounds, geometry of complexes (tetrahedral, octahedral, square planar), magnetic properties of complex compounds.</p>	10
3	<p>Halides: Chemical reactions. Alkyl, aryl and vinyl halides. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions, S_N2 and S_N1 reactions with energy profile diagrams.</p>	8
4	<p>Alcohols and Phenols: Alcohols: Reactions of alcohols. Dihydric alcohols-methods of preparation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [$Pb(OAc)_4$ and HIO_4] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement. Trihydric alcohols-methods of formation, chemical reactions of glycerol.</p>	12

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	Phenols: Physical properties and acidic character. Comparative acidic strengths of alcohols and phenols, resonance stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of phenols-electrophilic aromatic substitution, acylation and carboxylation. Mechanism of Fries rearrangement, Claisen condensation, Gatterman synthesis, and Reimer-Tiemann reaction.	
5	Thermodynamics II: Second law of thermodynamics, need of the law, different statements of the law. Carnot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature. Concept of entropy: entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V and T, entropy as a function of P and T, Clausius inequality, entropy as criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases. Gibbs free energy and Helmholtz work functions. Criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, Variation of G and A with P, V and T, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, Numerical problems.	12
6	Chemical Equilibrium: The law of mass action, free energy and equilibrium constant, factors influencing equilibrium constant, relationship between K_p and K_c . Le-Chatelier's principle, Numerical problems. Phase Equilibrium: Statement and meaning of the terms: phase, component and degree of freedom, Gibbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one component systems, Raoult's and Henry's law.	8

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. Second Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- iv. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.

**Semester-III Paper-II (Practical)
Course Title: Analytical Procedures-I**

Programme/Class: Diploma in Chemical Science	Year: Second	Semester: Third
Paper-II Practical Subject: Chemistry		

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Course Code: CHEMC302		Course Title: Analytical Procedures-I		
L	T	P	C	
4	0	0	4	

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of laboratory hazards and safety precautions.
CO2	Understand physical, inorganic and organic exercises.
CO3	Determine the critical solution temperature of partially miscible liquids.
CO4	Differentiate between alcohols and phenols.
CO5	Test the inorganic mixtures of acidic and basic radicals in given samples.
CO6	Solve practical problems related to physical chemistry.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Inorganic exercise: Complete analysis of inorganic mixture including both acid and basic radicals with a special emphasis on the role of common ion effect and solubility product.	30
3	Organic exercise: Functional group tests for alcohols and phenols. Differentiation between alcohols and phenols using chemical and physical tests.	12
4	Physical exercise: Determination of critical solution temperature (CST)	12

Suggested Readings:

- i. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- ii. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wordsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- iii. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- iv. Harris, D. C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.

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Semester-IV
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: General Chemistry-II

Programme/Class: Diploma in Chemical Science	Year: Second	Semester: Fourth	
Paper-I Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC401	Course Title: General Chemistry-II		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of basic concepts of acid and bases, inner transition elements, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and electrochemistry.
CO2	Understand the chemistry of acid and bases, inner transition elements, and electrochemistry.
CO3	Establish the mechanism of nucleophilic addition reactions of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids.
CO4	Explain concepts of acid and bases, inner transition elements and carbonyl compounds.
CO5	Summarize the concepts of electrochemistry and its applications.
CO6	Solve numerical problems related to electrochemistry.


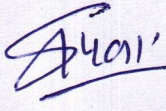
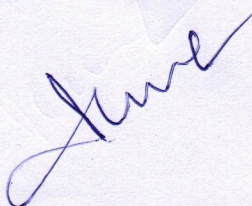
Total No. of Hours- = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Acids and Bases: Arrhenius concept, Bronsted-Lowry concept, and Lewis concept of acids and bases; Hard and Soft Acid-Base Theory: Classification of acids and bases as hard and soft. Pearson's hard and soft acid base concept, acid base strength and hardness and softness. Role of the solvent and strength of acids and bases.	10
2	Chemistry of Inner Transition Elements: Chemistry of Lanthanides: Electronic configuration, oxidation states, atomic & ionic radii, lanthanide contraction and its consequences, complex formation, colour; Methods of separation of lanthanides Chemistry of Actinides: General features of actinides-electronic configuration, atomic & ionic radii, ionization potential, oxidation states and complex formation.	10

3	Aldehydes and Ketones: Comparative account of properties of aliphatic and aromatic aldehydes and ketones. Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin, aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensation. Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives; Wittig reaction. Use of acetals as protecting group. Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction, Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH_4 and NaBH_4 reductions.	10
4	Carboxylic Acids: Reactions of carboxylic acids, Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction. Synthesis of acid chlorides, esters and amides.	10
	Reduction of carboxylic acids, mechanism of decarboxylation. Methods of formation and chemical reactions of halo acids, hydroxy acids- malic, tartaric, and citric acids. Methods of preparation and chemical reactions of unsaturated monocarboxylic acids.	
5	Electrochemistry I: Electrical transport-conduction in metals and electrolytic solutions, specific conductance and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation of equivalent and specific conductance with dilution. Arrhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation and its limitations, weak and strong electrolytes, Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations, Numerical Problems.	8
6	Electrochemistry II: Oxidation state, types of redox reactions, Types of reversible electrodes-gas-metal ion, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt anion and redox electrodes. Electrode reactions, Nernst equation, derivation of cell EMF and single electrode potential, standard hydrogen electrode-reference electrode, standard electrode potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its significance. Electrolytic and Galvanic cells-reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of a cell and its measurements. Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (ΔG , ΔH and K), Numerical Problems.	12

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. Second Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- iv. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.

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Semester-IV Paper-II (Practical)
Course Title: Analytical Procedures-II

Programme/Class: Diploma in Chemical Science	Year: Second	Semester: Fourth	
Paper-II Practical Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC402	Course Title: Analytical Procedures-II		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of laboratory hazards and safety precautions.
CO2	Understand physical, inorganic and organic exercises.
CO3	Determine the concentrations of oxidising and reducing agents through double titration
CO4	Differentiate between aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids
CO5	Test the solubility of salts
CO6	Solve practical problems related to physical chemistry.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Inorganic exercise: Volumetric exercises (double titration) based on redox reactions involving internal as well as external indicators.	18
3	Organic exercise: Preliminary and Functional group tests for aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids (both aliphatic and aromatic).	18
4	Physical exercise: Determination of solubility of salts.	18

Semester-V
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: Inorganic Chemistry

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Programme/Class: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Third	Semester: Fifth	
Paper-1 Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC501	Course Title: Inorganic Chemistry		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

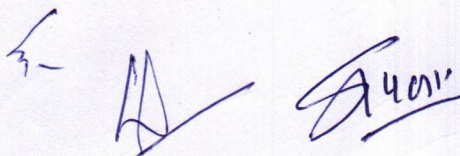
Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of basic concepts of metal ligand bonding, coordination compounds, organometallic chemistry, electronic spectra and magnetic properties of transition elements.
CO2	Describe the stability, crystal field theory, electronic spectra and magnetic properties of coordination compounds.
CO3	Explain metal-ligand bonding, thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of transition metal complexes.
CO4	Explain properties and applications of industrially important inorganic materials and organometallic chemistry.
CO5	Summarize the applications and limitations of CFT, chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin.
CO6	Calculate ground state term and magnetic moments of octahedral and tetrahedral complexes.

Total Number of Hours = 60

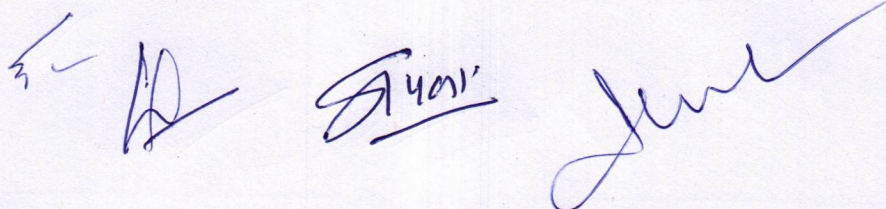
Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Metal-Ligand Bonding in Transition Metal Complexes: Limitations of valence bond theory, an elementary idea about crystal field theory (CFT); crystal field splitting of octahedral and tetrahedral complexes, tetragonal distortion (Jahn-Teller distortion, factors affecting the crystal-field parameters, calculation of crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), spectrochemical series, limitations of CFT. Comparison between VBT and CFT.	10
2	Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Coordination Compounds: Stability of metal complexes- thermodynamic and kinetic stability, stable and unstable complexes, inert and labile complexes, stepwise and overall stability constants, relationship between the stepwise and overall stability constants, Chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin.	10



3	Electronic Spectra of Transition Metal Complexes: Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, calculations of spectroscopic ground states (Russell Saunders/L-S coupling), Orgel energy level diagram for d^1 , d^4 and d^6 , d^9 tetrahedral and octahedral complexes, discussion of the electronic spectrum of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ complex ion.	8
4	Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes: Origin of magnetic behavior, concept of magnetic susceptibility, diamagnetism, paramagnetism, ferromagnetism, ferrimagnetism and antiferromagnetism, magnetic moments, quenching of orbital magnetic moment by crystal field, magnetic susceptibility-definition relationship with temperature, Curie law and Curie Weiss law, magnetic moment, spin only formula, correlation of μ_s and μ_{eff} values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes.	10
5	Organometallic Chemistry: Definition, nomenclature and classification based on nature of metal-carbon bond. EAN and 18-electron rule. Definition, nomenclature, classification, general methods of preparation of organometallic compounds Applications of organometallic compounds-Ziegler-Natta catalyst, Wilkinson catalyst (No mechanism).	8
6	Some Industrially Important Inorganic Materials: Silicones, siloxanes, polymethylhydrosiloxanes, their applications. Phosphazenes, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes. Aluminosilicates- Feldspars, Ultramarines, Zeolites. Clays and Pillared Clays. Cement- manufacture, composition and setting. Glass- manufacture, annealing, types and uses. Ceramics-definition, traditional and new ceramics, structure of ceramics. Inorganic fertilizers-essential nutrients for plants, nitrogenous, phosphatic and potash fertilizers.	14

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.
- iv. Chandra, S., "Comprehensive Inorganic Chemistry" New Age International Publishers, India, 2018, 1st edition.



Semester-V, Paper-III (Practical)
Course Title: Analytical Procedures-III

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory/General Chemistry	Year: Third	Semester: Fifth		
Paper-III Practical Subject: Chemistry				
Course Code: CHEMC502	Course Title: Analytical Procedures-III			
L	T	P	C	
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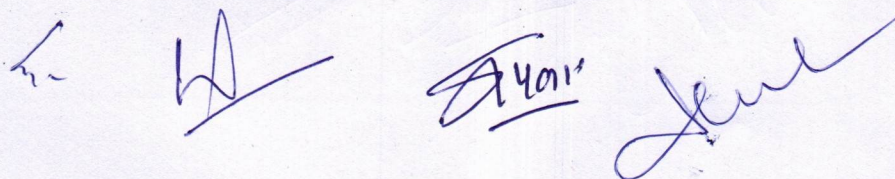
Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of laboratory hazards and safety precautions.
CO2	Understand the inorganic and organic exercises.
CO3	Determine the yield of synthesized organic and inorganic compounds.
CO4	Analyze the nitrogen containing compounds.
CO5	Separate the binary organic mixture.
CO6	Prepare organic and inorganic compounds.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Inorganic exercise: Inorganic synthesis – cuprous chloride, potash alum, chrome alum, ferrous oxalate, ferrous ammonium sulphate, tetraamminecopper(II) sulphate and hexaamminenickel(II) chloride. Crystallization of compounds.	14
3	Organic exercise: Organic qualitative analysis: Analysis of Nitrogen containing organic compounds (detection of elements, amines, nitro, amides and anilides) Binary mixture of organic compounds separable by water Organic synthesis: through nitration, halogenation, acetylation, sulphonation and simple oxidation	40



Semester-V
Paper-II (Theory)
Course Title: Organic Chemistry

Programme/Class: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Third	Semester: Fifth		
Paper-II Theory Subject: Chemistry				
Course Code: CHEMC503	Course Title: Organic Chemistry			
L	T	P	C	
4	0	0	4	

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of the basics of Lipid and fats, Reagents in organic synthesis, nitrogen containing organic compound, Organometallic Compounds, Dyes and Paints, Carbohydrates and Proteins.
CO2	Understand fundamentals of Lipids and Fats, types of reagents, Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes, nitroarenes & Halo nitroarenes, Organo magnesium & Organo zinc compounds.
CO3	Develop concept of types of dyes, Paints and Varnishes chemistry, applications. General study of disaccharides.
CO4	Explain Reagents in Organic Synthesis, Lipids-Fats Definition, nutrition and health, Soaps, Detergents and their action mechanism, Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes, electrophilic aromatic substitution in aryl amines
CO5	consider the Classification, nomenclature and mechanism of Monosaccharides structure and chemical reactions of organo metallic compound, structure and nomenclature of amines Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines.
CO6	Solve problems related to Reagents in Organic Synthesis, Nitrogen Containing Organic Compounds, Organometallic Compound, Carbohydrates and Proteins and.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Introduction to lipids, classification, oils and fats, common fatty acids present in oils and fats, omega fatty acids, trans fats, hydrogenation, saponification value, iodine number.	12
2	Reagents in Organic Synthesis: Reagent compounds, types of reagents, acetylene, ammonia, Bayer's reagent, NBS, n-butyl lithium, CAN, chromic acid, chromium trioxide, diborane, DMSO, dioxane, Fehling reagent, Grignard reagent, hydrazide, hydrogen peroxide, LAH, OsO ₄ , PCl ₅ , potassium dichromate, potassium permanganate, Raney Ni, silver nitrate, sodium borohydride, NaH, THF, TMS, SOCl ₂ , Tollen's reagent.	12

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3	<p>Nitrogen Containing Organic Compounds: Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes and their reduction in acidic, neutral and alkaline medium. Picric acid.</p> <p>Halo nitroarenes-reactivity, structure and nomenclature of amines. Physical properties. Separation of mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features affecting basicity of amines. Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds, nitriles), reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Gabriel- phthalimide reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction. Reaction of amines, electrophilic aromatic substitution in aryl amines, reaction of amines with nitrous acid.</p>	14
4	<p>Organometallic Compounds: the Grignard reagent-formation, structure and chemical reactions. Organozinc compounds; formation and chemical reactions.</p>	10
5	<p>Dyes and Paints: Color and constitution, types of dyes, Alizarin, Indigo, Congo red, Malachite green, Methylene blue, Phenolphthalein, Methyl orange. Paints and Varnishes: Definition, components, chemistry, applications.</p>	10
6	<p>Carbohydrates and Proteins: Carbohydrates: Classification and nomenclature. Monosaccharides, mechanism of osazone formation, interconversion of glucose and fructose, chain lengthening and chain shortening of aldoses. Configuration of monosaccharides. Erythro and threo diastereomers. Formation of glycosides. Cyclic structure of D(+)-glucose. Mechanism of mutarotation. General study of disaccharides.</p> <p>Proteins: Classification, structure and stereochemistry of amino acids. Acid-base behavior, isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Classification of proteins.</p>	12

Books Recommended:

- i. Finar, I.L., "Organic Chemistry", Pearson Education India, 2002, 6th edition.
- ii. Eliel, E.L. and Wilen, S.H., "Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds", Wiley, 1994, 1st edition.
- iii. Boyd, Morrison and Bhattacharjee, "Organic Chemistry", Pearson Education India, 2010, 7th edition.
- iv. Mukerji, S.M., "Reaction mechanism in Organic Chemistry", Laxmi Publications, 2007, 3rd edition.

Semester-VI
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: Physical Chemistry

Programme/Class: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Third	Semester: Sixth	
Paper-I Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC601	Course Title: Physical Chemistry		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of basic concepts of surface chemistry, photochemistry, quantum mechanics, solutions, radioactivity and thermodynamics
CO2	Understand the basics of surface chemistry, quantum mechanics and photochemistry.
CO3	Explain chemistry of solutions, radioactivity and thermodynamics.
CO4	Explain adsorption models, laws of photochemistry, Jablonski diagram, colligative properties, applications of radioactivity and third law of thermodynamics.
CO5	Summarize the applications of adsorption models, radioactivity and elementary quantum mechanics.
CO6	Solve numerical problems related to surface chemistry, photochemistry, quantum mechanics, solutions, radioactivity and thermodynamics

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Surface Chemistry: Definition of surface phenomenon-Adsorption. Chemical and physical adsorption, Factors affecting adsorption. Isotherm and Isobar. Free energy of adsorption. Quantitative treatment of adsorption, Freundlich's and Langmuir's adsorption model and their applications. Limitation of Langmuir adsorption model. Adsorption in catalysis, characteristics of catalyzed reactions.	10
2	Elementary Quantum Mechanics: Black-body radiation, Plank's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Bohr's model of hydrogen atom (no derivation) and its defects. Compton effect, de Broglie hypothesis, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, operator concept, Schrödinger wave equation and its importance, physical interpretation of the wave function, Numerical Problems.	12

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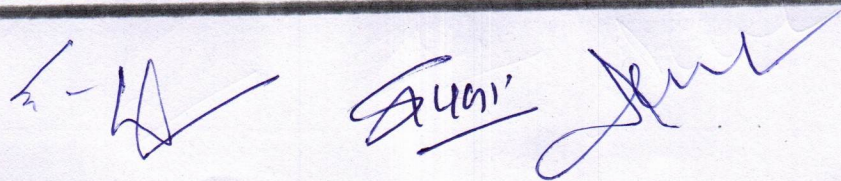
3	Photochemistry: Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry; Grothuss-Drapper law, Lambert's law, Lambert-Beer's law, Stark-Einstein law, Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, Numerical Problems.	10
4	Solutions and Colligative Properties: Ideal and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and activity coefficient. Dilute solutions, colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular mass determination. Osmosis, law of osmotic pressure, determination of molecular mass from osmotic pressure. Elevation of boiling point and depression in freezing point, Numerical Problems.	10
5	Thermodynamics III: Statement and concept of residual entropy, third law of thermodynamics, unattainability of absolute zero, Nernst heat theorem. Evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data, Numerical Problems	8
6	Radioactivity: Definition, nature of radioactivity, emission, types of radioactivity, occurrence, Energetics and kinetics radioactivity, rates of radioactive transitions, Applications of radioactivity, Numerical Problems.	10

Books Recommended:

- Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. Third Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- Atkins P.W., "Atkin's Physical Chemistry: International", Oxford University Press, 2018, 11th edition.
- Ball D.W., "Physical Chemistry", Cengage India Private Limited, 2017, 2nd edition.
- Puri, B.R., Pathania, M.S. and Sharma, L.R., "Principles of Physical Chemistry", Vishal Publishing, India, 2020, 47th edition.

Semester-VI
Paper-II (Theory)
Course Title: Analytical Chemistry

Programme/Class: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Third	Semester: Sixth	
Paper-II Theory Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC603	Course Title: Analytical Chemistry		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4



Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of basic concepts of biochemistry, nanochemistry, spectroscopy, green chemistry, data analysis and analytical techniques.
CO2	Understand concepts of biochemistry, nanochemistry, and spectroscopy.
CO3	Explain green chemistry, data analysis and analytical techniques.
CO4	Explain principle, applications and instrumentation of spectroscopic techniques.
CO5	Summarize concepts of green, nano and biochemistry.
CO6	Interpret spectroscopic data.

Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	General Biochemistry: Introduction to biomolecules, Enzymes; Definition, classification, role in physiology. General introduction to hormones. Nucleic acids; Nitrogen bases, purines, pyrimidines, nucleosides, nucleotides, structure of RNA and DNA molecule.	12
2	Data Analysis: Errors; Definition, types of errors, precision, accuracy, absolute, Significant Figures; significant figures in Arithmetics-addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, Mean and Standard deviation, Standard deviation and probability.	10
3	Fundamentals of Nanochemistry: Definition, brief history, classification, general approach of nano synthesis, general methods of characterization, general applications.	9
4	Basics of Green Chemistry: Introduction, role of green chemistry in sustainable development, principles of green chemistry.	8
5	Analytical Techniques: Basic concepts of electro-gravimetric and coulometric analysis. Thermogravimetric analysis. Chromatography: Introduction, Types, paper and column chromatography	9
6	Spectroscopy: Ultraviolet (UV) absorption spectroscopy-absorption laws (Beer-Lambert law), molar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of UV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of conjugation, concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts.	12

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	Infra-Red (IR) absorption spectroscopy- molecular vibrations, Hooke's Law, selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, finger print region, characteristic absorptions of various functional groups and interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds.	
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Books Recommended:

- i. Clark, J. H., and Macquarrie, D.J., Handbook of Green Chemistry and Technology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2002.
- ii. Anastas, P.T., and Williamson, T.C. Green Chemistry: Frontiers in Benign Chemical Syntheses and Processes, Oxford University Press, New York, 1999.
- iii. Ozin, G.A., Arsenault, A.C. and L. Cademartiri, Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2008, 2nd edition.
- iv. P. H. Raven, Biology, Tata MacGraw Hill.

Semester-VI, Paper-III (Practical)

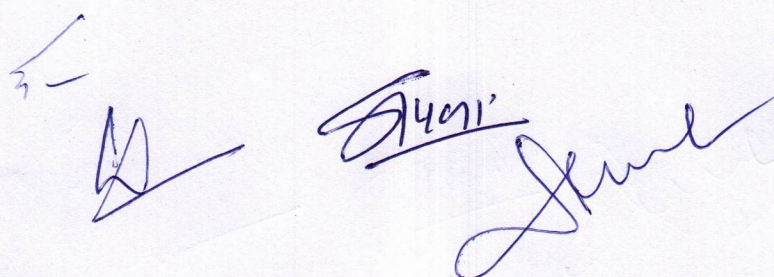
Course Title: Analytical Procedures-IV

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory/General Chemistry	Year: Third	Semester: Sixth	
Paper-III Practical Subject: Chemistry			
Course Code: CHEMC602		Course Title: Analytical Procedures-IV	
L	T	P	C
0	0	2	2

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of laboratory hazards and safety precautions.
CO2	Understand the physical and inorganic exercises.
CO3	Determine the solubility of organic compounds by titration method.
CO4	Analyze organic compounds by spectrophotometer.
CO5	Estimate different metal ions through gravimetric exercise.
CO6	Interpret the spectral data and chromatograms of organic compounds.



Total Number of Hours = 60

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Laboratory hazards and safety precautions	6
2	Physical exercise: Determination of solubility of organic compound (viz. oxalic acid) in water by titration method.	18
3	Spectroscopic exercise: Functional Group determination by UV and IR Spectroscopy; analysis of organic compounds including alcohols, phenols, carboxylic acids, carbonyl compounds, nitrogen containing compounds.	18
4	Inorganic Exercise: Gravimetric analysis of any one or two metal ions; Ba^{2+} , Fe^{3+} , Ni^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Zn^{2+} etc.	10
5	Chromatographic technique: Demonstrative Chromatography- paper chromatography (Analytical separation of organic compounds- Amino acids/ dyes)	8

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SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

Semester-I

Paper I(Theory)

Course Title: Basics of Analytical Chemistry-I

Programme / Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: First	
Paper-I Theory Subject :Chemistry			
Course Code : CHEVC101	CourseTitle: Basics of Analytical Chemistry-I		
L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the basic concepts of analytical chemistry.
CO2	Understand analytical approaches, lab equipment and concentrations of solutions.
CO3	Explain lab equipment, concentrations of solutions and various types of titrations.
CO4	Explain errors, precision, accuracy, sampling, measuring equipment and strength of solutions.
CO5	Summarize the concepts of analytical chemistry.
CO6	Solve numerical problems based on analytical chemistry

Unit	Contents	Number of Hours
1	Analytical approaches: Types of errors, precision & accuracy, absolute and relative uncertainty. Significant figures; significant figures in Arithmetics-addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Mean and standard deviation.	8
2	Laboratory Apparatus: Laboratory burner; Bunsen burner, air flow regulation, obtaining warm gentle flame with the burner, hottest flame of the burner. Cutting and bending of glass tubing/glass rod, fi repolishing of glass tubing or rod.	8
3	Steps in Chemical Analysis: Sampling, sample preparation, analysis, interpretation and preparation of report.	8
4	Use of Measuring Equipments: Pipette, burette, chemical balance, least count.	7
5	Chemical Concentration: Normality, molarity, preparation of solution of defined normality/molarity of a given compound and from a given solution of different strength, percent composition, part per million (ppm), part per billion (ppb), calculations.	8
6	Titration: Types of titrations, endpoint, equivalence point, Indicators-types and theory.	6

Recommended Texts:

- i. Nivaldo, J. and Tro, Ho Yu Au- Yeung, Introductory Chemistry, Pearson India Education, 2017, 5th edition.
- ii. Timberlake, K. C., and Timberlake, W., Basic Chemistry, Pearson India Education, 2017, 4th edition.
- iii. Pavia, D. L., Lampman, G. M., Kriz, G. S., and Engel, R. G., Microscale and Macroscale Techniques in the Organic Laboratory, Harcourt College Publishers, 2001, 1st edition.
- iv. Harris, D. C., Exploring Chemical Analysis, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York, 1993, 4th edition.

Semester-II
Paper II (Theory)
Course Title: Basics of Analytical Chemistry-II

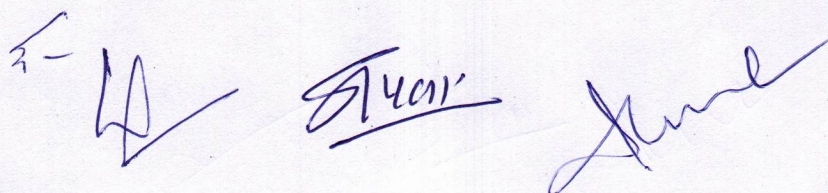
Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: Second		
Paper-II Theory Subject: Chemistry				
Course Code: CHEVC201	Course Title: Basics of Analytical Chemistry-II			
L	T	P	C	
3	0	0	3	

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the basic concepts of analytical chemistry.
CO2	Understand concepts of physical constants, polarimeter, refractometer and electromagnetic radiation.
CO3	Explain distillation, crystallization, filtration, solubility and extraction.
CO4	Illustrate instrumentation of polarimeter, refractometer, spectrophotometer and distillation assemblies.
CO5	Summarize the concepts of analytical chemistry.
CO6	Solve numerical problems related to polarimetry, refractometry, electromagnetic radiation and solubility.

S.No.	Contents	Total No. of Hours
1	Physical Constants: Melting points, melting point theory, mixture melting point, packing of melting point tube, Determination of melting point; decomposition, discoloration, softening, shrinking and sublimation. Boiling point, determination of boiling point, use of boiling chips, calibration of thermometer.	8



2	Polarimetry and Refractometry: Polarimetry: Nature of polarized light, polarimeter, sample cells, operation of the polarimeter, optical purity. Refractometry: Refractometry; The refractive index, Refractometer.	8
3	Electromagnetic Radiation: Properties, absorption of light, transmittance, absorbance and Beer's Law. Spectrophotometer- Single beam and double beam instruments.	8
4	Distillation: Simple distillation, distillation theory, fractional distillation, difference between simple and fractional distillation, vapour-liquid composition diagram, Raoult's Law, types of fractionating columns, column efficiency, azeotropes.	8
5	Crystallization and Filtration: Filtration- Selection of suitable solvent/s, purification of compounds. Filtration- Gravity filtration, filter papers, vacuum filtration, aspirator, working of aspirator.	7
6	Solubility and Extraction: Solubility- Definition, predicting solubility behaviour, water as a solvent, organic solvents. Extraction Theory, distribution coefficient, separation and drying agents.	6

Recommended Texts:

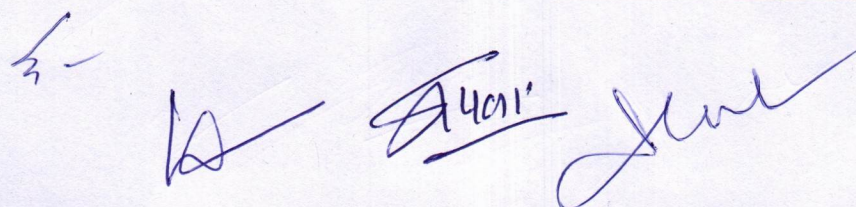
- Nivaldo, J. and Tro, Ho Yu Au- Yeung, Introductory Chemistry, Pearson India Education, 2017, 5th edition.
- Timberlake, K. C., and Timberlake, W., Basic Chemistry, Pearson India Education, 2017, 4th edition.
- Pavia, D. L., Lampman, G. M., Kriz, G. S., and Engel, R. G., Microscale and Macroscale Techniques in the Organic Laboratory, Harcourt College Publishers, 2001, 1st edition.
- Harris, D. C., Exploring Chemical Analysis, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York, 1993, 4th edition.

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: Second	Semester: Third		
Paper-III Theory Subject : Chemistry				
Course Code: CHEVC301	Course Title: Chemistry of Soil and Water			
L	T	P	C	
3	0	0	3	

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1	Gain knowledge about basic composition of soil and water.
CO2	Describe about the chemistry of soil and water
CO3	Explain physical, chemical and biological parameters of soil.
CO4	Analyze physical, chemical and biological parameters of water



CO5	Evaluate pH of soil and water samples
CO6	Test the quality of soil and water samples

S.No.	Contents	Total No. of Hours
1	Analysis of soil: Composition of soil, Concept of pH and pH measurement, Complexometric titrations, Chelation, Chelating agents, use of indicators. Determination of pH of soil samples. Estimation of Calcium and Magnesium ions as Calcium carbonate by complexometric titration.	23
2	Analysis of water: Definition of pure water, sources responsible for contaminating water, water sampling methods, water purification methods. Determination of pH, acidity and alkalinity of a water sample. Determination of dissolved oxygen (DO) of a water sample.	22

Text Books:

- TB1. Srilakshmi, B., Food Science, 7th Ed., New Age International, New Delhi (2018)
 TB2. Biswas, T. D.; Mukherjee, S. K., Text Book of Soil Science, 2nd Ed., McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi (2017).

Reference Books:

- RB1. Srivastava, A., Waste Water Treatment and Water Management: Water Treatment and Management, Notion Press (2018).
 RB2. Sharma, B. K., Industrial Chemistry (Including Chemical Engineering), Goel Publishing House, Meerut (2016).

Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry		Year: Second		Semester: Fourth	
Paper-IV Industrial Training					
CourseCode: CHEVC401		CourseTitle: Industrial Training			
L		T		P	C
0		0		3	3

Minor/Open Elective courses -I
Semester-I/II
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: Basics of Chemistry-I

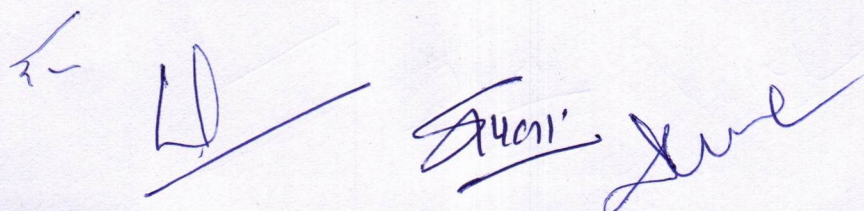
Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: First/second	
Paper :Theory Subject :Chemistry			
CourseCode: CHEOE001	CourseTitle: Basics of Chemistry-I		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1	Gain knowledge about basics of inorganic, physical and organic chemistry
CO2	Describe about atomic structure, bonding, chemical reactions, periodic properties
CO3	Explain gaseous state, thermochemistry and general organic chemistry
CO4	Illustrate the concepts of inorganic, physical and organic chemistry
CO5	Summarize atomic structure, VSEPR, VBT, periodic properties and characteristics of reactive intermediates
CO6	Solve numerical related to gaseous state and thermochemistry

Unit	Content	Number of Hours
1	Atom and Molecules: Bohr's Atomic theory (only postulates), structure of an atom; nuclear particles, atomic number, mass number and Isotopes, Atomic orbitals, filling of electrons in various orbitals-Aufbau energy diagram, Pauli's Exclusion Principle, Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity	10
2	Ions, Molecules, Bonding and Chemical Reactions Ions, ionic bond and ionic compounds, Chemical equations, Reactions in aqueous medium- Arrhenius theory of acids and bases, Acid-Base reaction, definition of acid and base, neutralization, Oxidation Reduction reactions-oxidation number Covalent compounds-bonding, VSEPR: concept and geometry, Valence Bond theory, Hybridization, geometry of covalent molecules, Hydrogen bonding	12



3	Periodic Properties Periodic table and periodic law, periodic classification of the elements, Periodic relationship among the elements, periodic properties-atomic size, ionization energy, electron affinity, electronegativity	10
4	Gaseous State Pressure of a gas, pressure volume relationship-Boyle's law, the temperature volume relationship-Charle's law, Ideal gas equation	8
5	Thermochemistry Energy changes in chemical reactions, Enthalpy, specific heat, heat capacity- constant volume and constant pressure, Standard enthalpy of formation and reactions	8
6	General organic Chemistry Inductive, mesomeric, electromeric effect, hydrogen bonding and its significance Reactive intermediates: carbocation, carbanion and free radicals Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic hydrocarbons. Homologous series, Preparation and properties of ethene and ethyne.	12

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. First Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
- iv. Madan, R.D., Malik, U.M. and Tuli, G.D., "Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2010.

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Semester-III/IV
Paper-I (Theory)
Course Title: Basics of Chemistry-II

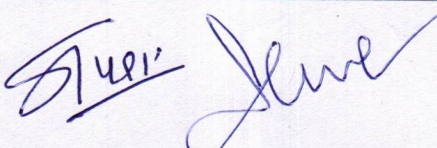
Programme/Class: Certificate in Introductory Chemistry	Year: Second	Semester: Third/Fourth	
Paper :Theory Subject :Chemistry			
CourseCode: CHEOE002	CourseTitle: Basics of Chemistr-II		
L	T	P	C
4	0	0	4

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of the basics of chemical bonding, properties of s and p block element, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics and thermodynamics.
CO2	Understand fundamentals of chemical bonding, properties of s and p block element, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics and thermodynamics.
CO3	Develop concept of chemical bonding, aliphatic & aromatic hydrocarbons, chemical kinetics and thermodynamics.
CO4	Explain MOT, properties of s and p block elements, properties of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons.
CO5	Derive integrated rate equations and half-lives for zero and first order reactions and also evaluate heat capacities at constant volume, pressure and Kirchoff's equation.
CO6	Solve numerical problems related to chemical kinetics and thermodynamics.

Unit	Content	Number of Hours
1	Chemical Bonding Molecular Orbital Theory (MOT) as applied to diatomic inorganic molecules. MO diagrams and bond order of H ₂ , He ₂ , Li ₂ , Be ₂ , B ₂ , C ₂ , N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ , Ne ₂ . Polarization of covalent molecules, Percentage ionic character from dipole and electronegativity difference. Polarizing power and polarizability; Fajan's rule.	10
2	s- and p-Block Elements General discussion with respect to all periodic: Occurrence, electronic configuration, atomic & ionic radii, density, ionization potential, metallic behaviour, electropositive nature, electronegativity, electron affinity, and chemical properties (reactivity towards water, oxygen, air and moisture, hydrogen, halogens, ammonia)	10
3	Aliphatic Compounds: Chemical reactions of alkanes: Mechanism of free radical halogenation of alkanes. Chemical reactions of alkenes: mechanisms involved in hydrogenation, electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's Rule Chemical reactions of alkynes: Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions	10


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4	Aromatic Compounds: Aromaticity- the Hückel rule, aromatic ions. Aromatic electrophilic substitution- general pattern of the mechanism Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation	10
5	Chemical Kinetics Rate of a reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction—concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst; hetero and homocatalysis, significance. Molecularity, Order of reaction- zero order and first order half-life period, Numerical problems.	10
6	Thermodynamics Definition of thermodynamic terms, system, surroundings etc. Types of thermodynamic systems and thermodynamic processes. Intensive and extensive properties. Concept of heat and work, first law of thermodynamics, Thermochemistry; standard state, Standard enthalpy of formation – Hess's law of heat summation and its application. Temperature dependence of enthalpy, Kirchoff's equation, Numerical problems.	10

Books Recommended:

- i. Lee, J.D., "Concise, Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 2008, India, 5th edition.
- ii. Puri, B.R., Sharma, L.R., and Kalia, K.C., "Principles of Inorganic Chemistry", Vishal Publishing Co., India, 2020, 33rd edition.
- iii. Madan, R.L., "Chemistry for Degree Students, B. Sc. First Year", S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, India, 2011, 3rd edition.
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